The Community Flood Management Programme (CFMP) in South Asia: Pilot Phase (Bangladesh, India, Nepal)

Formation and Functions of COMMUNITY FLOOD MANAGEMENT COMMITTEES (CFMCs)



Community Flood Management Committees (CFMCs)

Why and how to establish CFMC

- In order to coordinate the flood management responses in particular flood affected areas, an institutional framework is necessary.
- It is to that end, the formation of CFMCs has been proposed.



The formation of a CFMC is to be facilitated by wide-scale exchange of views between promoters and local leaders and people on the purposes and need of such an organization.



Mission

The CFMC will work to reduce the losses, damages, and sufferings of flood affected-people by mounting and coordinating appropriate activities in pre-, during, and post-flood stages.



Community Flood Management Committees (CFMCs)

Area of a CFMC

The area to be created by a CFMC should not be too large and, therefore, it is proposed to be coterminous with the area of Union Parishad in Bangladesh and Panchayat in India and Nepal, which are local government focal points in the respective countries.



Composition

 For effective coordination, the chairman of the Union Parishad/President of the Panchayat will act as the Convener of the CFMC.



Composition (contd.)

- Its membership will be drawn (through consultation – selection/election, as appropriate locally) from among
- the same local government body (designated by that body),
- teachers of local schools and colleges,



Composition (contd.)

- local officials,
- local bank officials,
- local medical/health practitioners,
- socially and economically disadvantaged groups,
- business people, and
- other relevant groups.



Composition (contd.)

- An appropriate number of female members will be included.
- It can consist of 9-18 members. One member will be selected by the CFMC as its Member Secretary.



The functions

- The CFMC will foster
- flood preparedness,
- formulate and implement flood responses,
- mobilize local people and local resources,
- liaise with high tiers of the government and possible sources of assistance, and
- coordinate various flood management activities.