

ZERO DRAFT

Global Capacity Development Strategy to Support Implementation of the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction

An Approach for All Partners and Stakeholders

Disaster Impacts

- During 2005-2015, disasters killed over 700 thousand people and injured over 1.4 million.
- Over 23 million people lost their homes. Over 1.5 billion people were affected by disasters during this time.
- Economic losses topped USD 1.4 trillion.
- There is an urgent need to close the gaps in capacity building.

What is needed

- Nations and societies require a means to improve the quantity, quality, and overall impact of capacity development.
- There is a need for direction on a range of topics – from standardizing terminologies, principles, and concepts, to identifying approaches and best practices, and finally to enabling coordination, collaboration, and the sharing of information and lessons learned.

Linking Disaster Risk Reduction Capacity Development to Agenda 2030, The Paris Agreement, ++

- There are strong and direct linkages between the occurrence of disasters, the existence of a changing global climate, and the challenges to sustainable development gains.
- Coherence between Disaster Risk Reduction (DRR), Climate Change Adaptation (CCA), and the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) is required.
- Capacity development for DRR must consider parallels with efforts in pursuit of CCA and SDGs.

Goal: A Vision of Risk-Informed Sustainable Development by 2030

- The Strategy does not seek to tell the user exactly what to do, but rather attempts to inform how to approach the problem.
- Programming advice organized according to areas of critical need and priority (as identified by participants in a consultative process) is provided.
- The Strategy aims to support the achievement of the goal by stakeholders, by determining the actions required to achieve it (Section 3), and suggesting steps to help mobilize the resources required for that purpose (sections 4 & 5)

The Consultative Process

- Initial discussion during the 2017 Global Platform for Disaster Risk Reduction in Cancun, Mexico, following discussion at the SLG DRR.
- Between July and November 2017, regional consultations were convened by UNISDR's Global Education and Training Institute (GETI). The consultations brought together over 200 representatives of 45 countries, 14 local government authorities and city networks, 14 UN and international organizations including from country teams, 12 nongovernmental organizations, 10 intergovernmental organizations, 7 academic and scientific organizations, and 4 private sector entities.

The Consultative Process

- The in-person consultations were complemented by online consultations in November 2017
- The outcomes of the regional and online consultations have contributed to the zero draft of the Strategy

Outputs from the consultations

- These represent the core of the strategy.
- Areas of action with notable importance and influence on the process and/or the outcome of disaster risk reduction capacity development efforts have been identified
- These constitute opportunities for future action, innovation, and partnership.
- For each issue, a list of possible actions, activities, and interventions that may be considered by each stakeholder are also provided.
- Partners are encouraged to determine their areas of focus for capacity development services for member states.
- This list would change with time, with gradual enhancement of capacities, and as new needs, and corresponding actions, arise.

Summary of Outcomes

- Confirmed there are **large gaps** in capacity to address implementation of the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction.
- Emphasize on **‘how to do’** as opposed to ‘what to do’
- The needs have now expanded to numerous **soft, hard, functional and technical capacities** required for Sendai Framework implementation.
- Increasing need for **coordination and cohesion, minimum standards and partnerships.**
- Need for **high-level awareness raising** and **dedicated capacity development plans** relevant to **national DRR strategies and plans** have been identified as key.

Priority areas

Grouped according to six areas:

1. Developing and Strengthening Disaster Risk Reduction Fundamentals
2. Institutionalizing Disaster Risk Reduction Capacity
3. Sharing and Using Risk Information Before and After Disasters
4. Establishing Collaborative Action for Disaster Risk Reduction at the National and Local Levels
5. Strengthening External Support Mechanisms
6. Advancing and Expanding Disaster Risk Reduction Capabilities

Summary of Priority Areas and Actions for Capacity Development

	Priority Area	Actions
1	Developing and Strengthening Disaster Risk Reduction Fundamentals	1.1 Ensuring Use of Loss and Risk Information
		1.2 Disaster Risk-Informed Development Plans
		1.3 Funding and Resource Mobilization for DRR
		1.4 Monitoring of Sendai Framework Implementation
2	Institutionalizing Disaster Risk Reduction Capacity	2.1 Understanding Links Between Disaster Risk Reduction and Sustainable Development
		2.2 Understanding Climate Risk Across Sectors
		2.3 High-Level Awareness and Cross-Sectoral Understanding of DRR
3	Sharing and Using Risk Information Before and After Disasters	3.1 Conducting Effective Risk Communication and Knowledge Management
		3.2 Enhancing Disaster Preparedness and Planning for “Build Back Better”
		3.3 Understanding Economics of DRR
4	Establishing Collaborative Action for Disaster Risk Reduction at the National and Local Levels	4.1 Establishing an ‘All-of-Society’ Approach
		4.2 DRR at Local Government Level
		4.3 DRR at Community Level
5	Strengthening External Support Mechanisms	5.1 South-South and Peer-to-Peer Mechanisms
		5.2 UN Country Teams
		5.3 Humanitarian Development Nexus
6	Advancing and Expanding Disaster Risk Reduction Capabilities	6.1 Education for Disaster Risk Reduction
		6.2 Innovation and Use of Technology for DRR

The document is online at:

https://www.preventionweb.net/files/56922_sf_drrcdstrategyzerodraft20180223.pdf

Please feel free to provide any written comments by 31 March to isdr-Incheon@un.org

Thank you